

Pros & Cons of Centralized Vacuum Systems

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Tim Dugan, P.E., Compression Engineering Corporation Keynote Speaker

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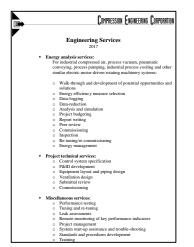
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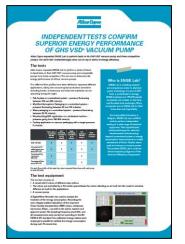
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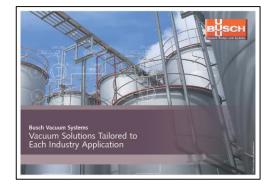
Handouts















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All materials presented are educational. Each system is unique and must be evaluated on its own merits.



Pros & Cons of Centralized Vacuum Systems

Introduction by *Rod Smith*, Publisher Blower & Vacuum Best Practices Magazine



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About the Speaker



Tim Dugan, P.E.Compression Engineering Corp.

- President and Principal Engineer of Compression Engineering Corporation
- Over 25 years of experience in the industry

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Pros & Cons of Centralized Vacuum Systems

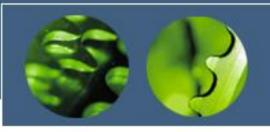


Tim Dugan Compression Engineering Corp.

For Blower & Vacuum Best Practices Magazine 3-15-18

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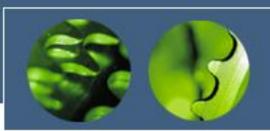
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Outline

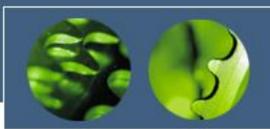
- Pros of Centralization
- Cons of Centralization
- Types of Systems & Centralization Issues
- Performing a Vacuum Audit to Design a Centralized System





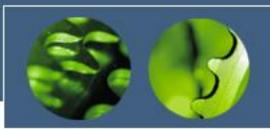
Pros of Centralization

- Fewer Vacuum Pumps Running on Average, Saving Energy and Maintenance \$.
- Very Likely, Fewer Overall Installed Vacuum Pumps, Reducing Maintenance.
- Less Maintenance Time When All Pumps Are in One Location.
- Better Reliability. One Redundant Pump Backs up All.
- Ability to do Preventive Maintenance During Production (If One Spare Pump is in System).
- Single Source Responsibility Possible (Vacuum Pump Distributor Rather Than Production Equipment OEM).
- "Centralization" Can Happen Functionally, Leaving Some Units Where They Are.



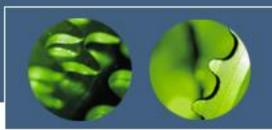
Cons of Centralization

- Utility Room Space Required to Centralize.
- High Cost to Replace All Units and Centralize. Existing Units Are a Sunk Cost w- Production Equipment.
- Complexity vs One Pump per Production Area. Now You Need Piping, Storage, Controls, etc.
- Different Vacuum Levels and Condensable Gases Might Make Centralization More Complex or Impractical, Requiring Filtration, Separators, and Control Valves.
- If Different Vacuum Levels Are Needed, Centralized System Will Pull to Lowest Vacuum, Wasting Some Energy.



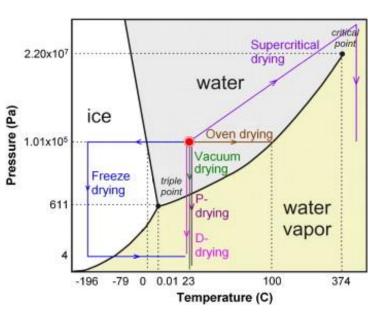
Types of Systems

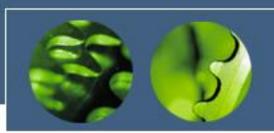
- Mass Sensitive Applications
- Static Pressure Sensitive Applications



Mass Sensitive Applications

- You Need to Pull a Certain Mass Out of a Process
- Flashing a Liquid to a Gas. Example:
- Vacuum & Freeze Drying Need to Remove
 Moisture at Lower "Boiling" Temperature. For Heat Sensitive Materials Like Foods or Pharmaceuticals.
- PD Rotary Pumps Used





Mass Sensitive Applications

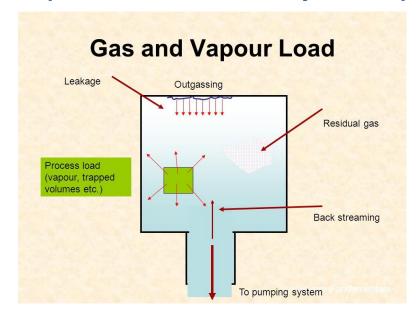
Outgassing of a Solid. Example:

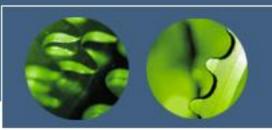
 Plastic Vessel Under Vacuum. If "Hydroscopic", Like Nylon, You Are Boiling Off Water. If Not, Like Teflon, It Still Outgases at Low Pressure.

Oil Sealed Positive Displacement Rotary Pumps

Used

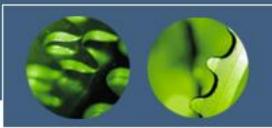
 Oil Sealed Positive Displacement Rotary Pumps Used, Sometimes w- Roughing Blower





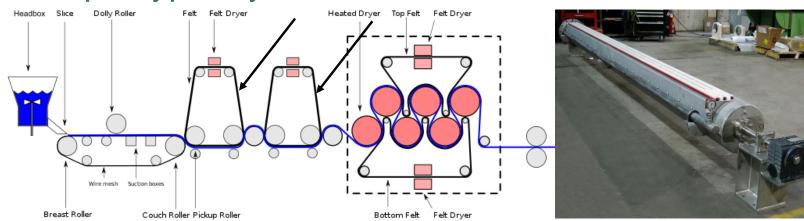
Mass-Sensitive Centralization Issues

- Calculate Mass Required for Each Process.
- Calculate Pressure Required for Each Process.
- Determine if Pressures Required Are Similar.
- Determine if Condensed Gases Are Similar re.
 Corrosion, Oil-Compatibility, Etc.
- If Pressures and Compatibility Are Similar, Centralization Might be Practical.



Pressure Sensitive Applications

- Dewatering a Porous Material. Example:
- Paper Machine Felt Dewatering with "Uhle Boxes".
- Just the Right Vacuum (Pressure Differential)
 Needed for Optimal Water Removal and Felt Life.
- Large Positive Displacement (Liquid Ring) Vacuum Pumps Typically Used

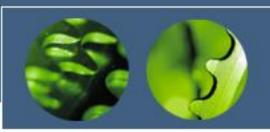


Wet End

Wet Press Section

Dryer Section

Calender Section



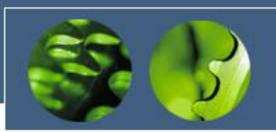
Pressure Sensitive Applications

- Creating Mechanical Force. Example:
- CNC Routing of Furniture Front Panels.
- Enough Pressure Differential Needed to Keep Piece from Moving While Being Machined.

Medium Vacuum PD Pumps Used, Typically Screw

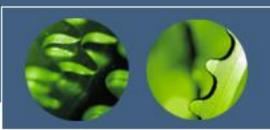
and Vane





Pressure-Sensitive Centralization Issues

- Calculate Velocity Required for Each Process, in Full Flow Range.
- Design Piping for Min / Max Velocities.
- Include Mass Ratio of Material to Gas in Calculations.
- Calculate Flow Rate Needed for Each.
- Calculate Pressure Loss in Piping and Vacuum Required at Pump Inlet for Each.
- If Vacuum Req'd is Similar, Centralization Might be Practical.



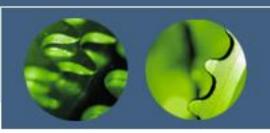
Example of Easy Centralization

- Medium Vac, All Processes Similar, Piping Runs to Common Location Similar.
- Design Centralization (simple, vendor can support):
 - Piping: Looped, large enough for max flow of all processes
 - VSD on at least one vacuum pump recommended
 - Storage: Sufficient for controls (depends on pump size, VSD, etc)
 - Master controls. If a VSD, keep in "trim" all the time, "target" algorithm.
 - Consider adding back-up vacuum pump or new VSD vacuum pump.





- This example is new skid, vane vacuum pumps.
- Vacuum pump skid includes pumps and master controls, and storage.
- Just install one piping loop, interlock demands with isolation valves, and install skid.



Example of Difficult Centralization

- Medium Vac, All Processes Different, With Process Controls That Require Independent Adjustment.
- Design Centralization (complex, custom engineered):
 - Common Header Needed
 - Valve Controls for Separate Pressure Control
 - Vacuum Pumps to Run at Lower Pressure Than Lowest Process.
 - Custom master controls. If a VSD, keep in "trim" all the time, "target" algorithm.
 - Consider adding back-up vacuum pump or new VSD vacuum pump.

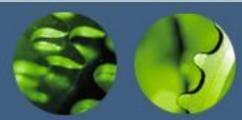
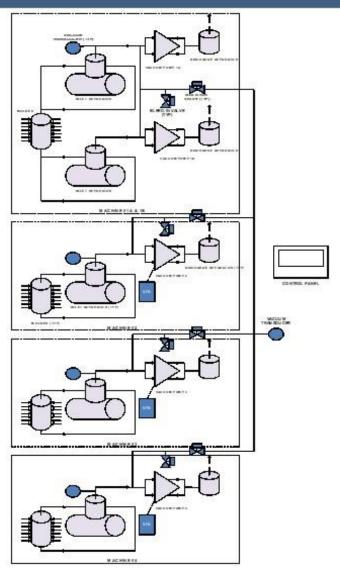
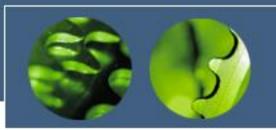


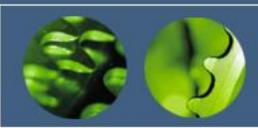
Diagram of Difficult Centralization



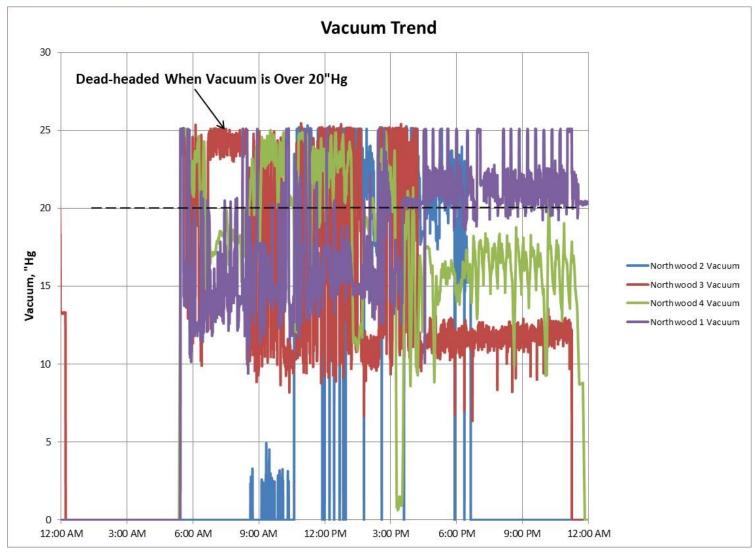


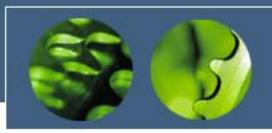
Performing a Vacuum Audit

- For Each Process, Measure Vacuum (Pin).
- At Each Vacuum Pump, Measure Pin and Power. Datalog.
- From Pin and Vac Pump Curve, Calculate Volume Flow at Pump Inlet in "icfm" or "m3/hr", at the vacuum pump inlet.
- From Pin and Volume Flow, Calculate Mass flow = (Patm Pin) / Patm.
- Adjust Mass Flows (if Not Choked Flow) at New Vacuum.
- Sum Flows to Develop Total Mass Flow Requirement.
- Calculate Total Volume Flow Needed From Mass and Pressure (Vacuum) Actually Required.
- Plot System Performance Curve.



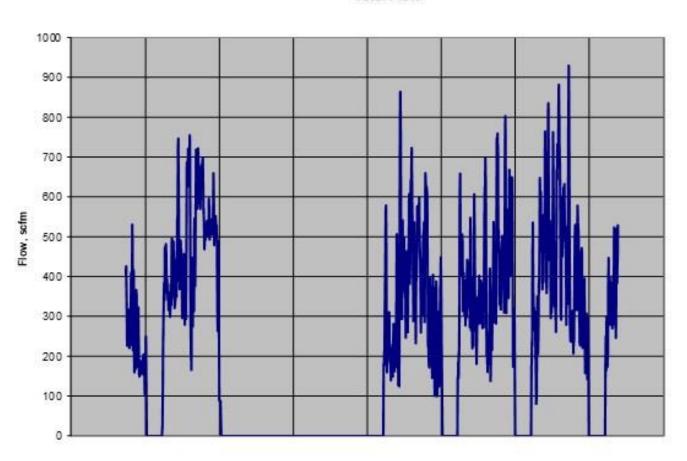
Evaluate Operation From Data



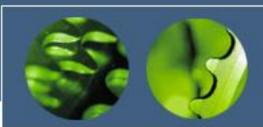


Determine Part-load Efficiency Opportunity

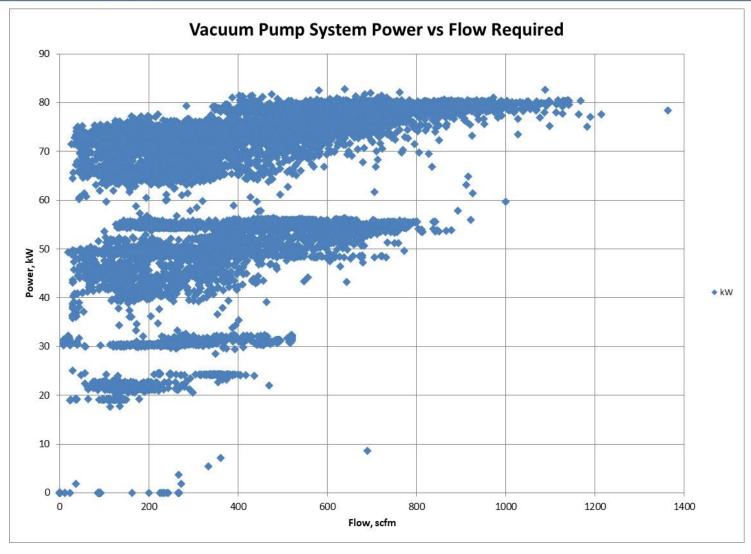
Total Flow

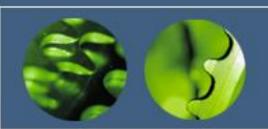






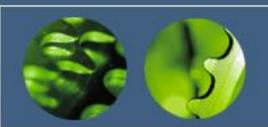
Curve Shows Part-load Efficiency Opportunity





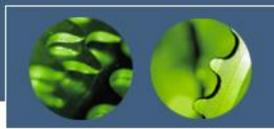
Designing A Centralized System

- Size Piping Header Based on Pressure Differential & Max Flow
- Size Tank Based on Controls, Type of Pump, and Pressure Differential
- Select Master Controller
- Wire Start and Load Contacts to Each Pump
- Interlock Demands with Controller (Auto Shut Off When Production Cell is Off)
- Possibly Put VFD on One or More Pumps Depends on How Tightly Pressure Needs to be Controlled



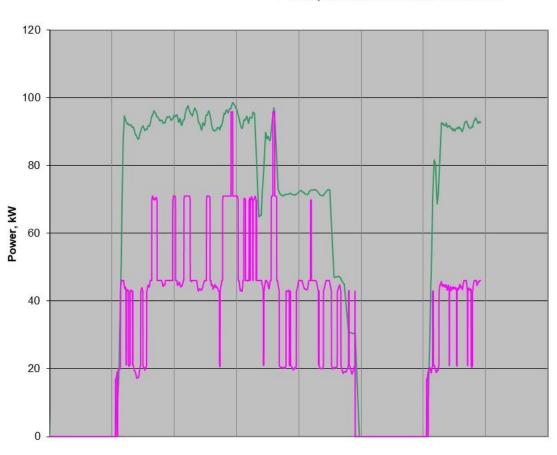
Energy Savings from Centralization

- Multiple Dead-headed vacuum Pumps Can Take More Than 50% Power at No Flow
- Centralization Runs Just the Required Pumps at Any Time
- Overall Savings Can be Significant



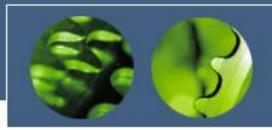
Curve Shows Part-load Efficiency Opportunity

Power, Before & After Centralization



— Measured Power

— Power After Improvements

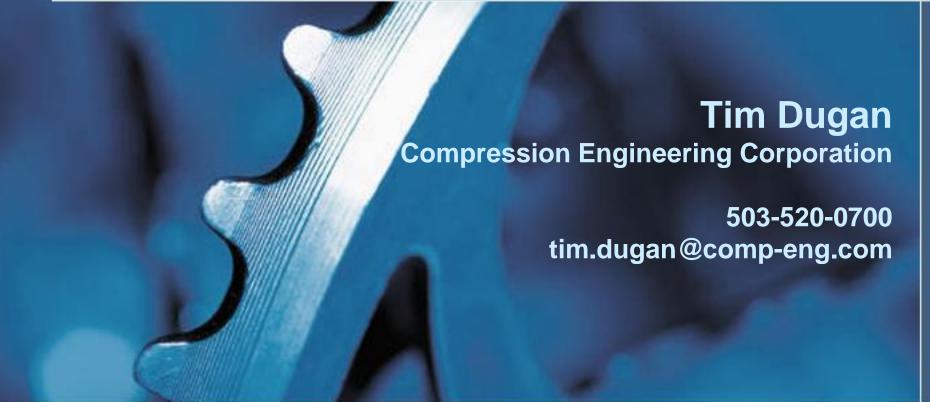


Summary

- Pros of Centralizing Vacuum Systems
 - Lower energy, more reliable, less maintenance
- Cons of Centralizing Vacuum Systems
 - More complex, costly, space
- Types of Systems & Centralization Issues:
 - Mass-Sensitive Systems
 - Pressure-Sensitive Systems
- Performing a Vacuum Audit to Design a Centralized System
 - Measurement
 - Calculations
 - Basis of Design, Savings and Incentive Calculation



Thank you





About the Speaker



VJ GuptaBusch USA

Systems Engineering Manager for Busch USA



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How to Assess Central Vacuum Systems – Pros & Cons

Webinar: Pros & Cons of Centralized Vacuum Systems

VJ Gupta, Systems Engineering Manager March 15, 2018

> 03.15.2018 Busch LLC

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Central Vacuum Systems

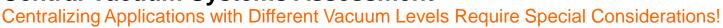
A Proven Concept



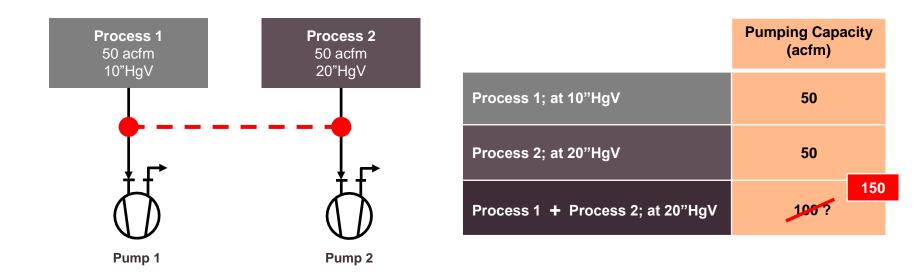
- We have designed, supplied and installed central vacuum systems for 40 years!
- Thousands of central vacuum systems installed globally.
- Industries Served:
 - 1) Food
 - 2) **Plastics**
 - 3) Wood
 - Semiconductor
 - 5) Printing
 - 6) Solar
 - 7) Many more.....
- Busch central systems have successfully provided great benefits and savings with the following features:
 - Controls with Variable Speed Drives (VSD) and/or cascading logic
 - With or without vacuum buffer tanks
 - Systems optimized to support multiple applications with different vacuum levels
 - Utilizing different pump technologies within the same central system for efficiency gains

Busch LLC

Central Vacuum Systems Assessment







Industries with Applications that require different vacuum levels within the same plant:

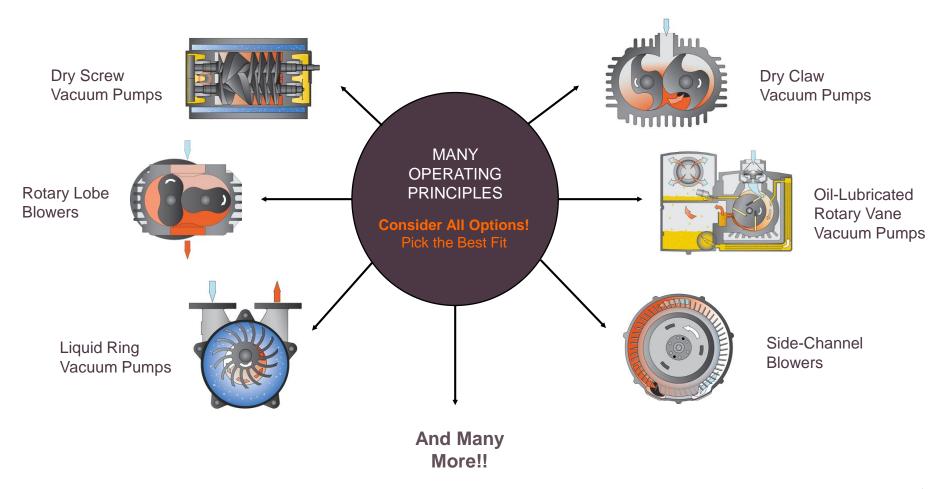
Industry	Application (less vacuum required)	Application (more vacuum required)
Food	Pneumatic Conveying of Waste Product	Vacuum Packaging
Semiconductor	House Vacuum	Process Vacuum
Plastics	Pneumatic Conveying of Pellets	Calibration Table
Printing	Trimming Machine	Printing Machine
Solar	Pick & Place	Laminating

Central Vacuum Systems

Pros: (+) Many Pump Technologies Available



Each Operating Principle has its Optimum Vacuum Operating Range wherein it provides Maximum Efficiency!







(+) Return on investment (ROI)

- With proper design, can prove a return on investment on a cost of ownership basis demonstrated by energy saving and increased productivity.
- Design can allow for a reduction in maintenance costs (both material and labor)

(+) Plant efficiency & expandability

- Productivity gains with reduced evacuation times or increased cycle rate.
- Frees up floor space!
- Provides instantaneous vacuum and only the required vacuum level.
- Additional applications can easily be added and central units can be expanded.



Pros...



(+) Utility Efficiency

- > Electrical Savings— pump sizing and controls design is key!
- Heat Reduction in production areas.
- > Heat recovery from central system exhausts.

(+) Uptime

- Maintenance can be planned & performed while a multi-pump system continues to run.
- Spare capacity can ensure continuous operation in the event of pump failure.

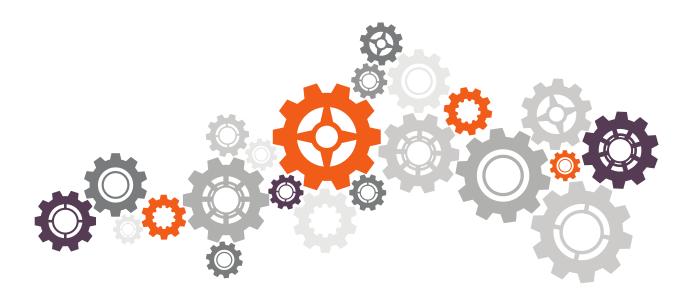


Pros...



(+) Environmental

- Sound removed to desired remote location & controllable.
- Heat removed to a desired remote location & containable.
- Removes messy pumps & discharge from floor area (more hygienic).
- Great appearance.



Cons...



(-) Design Risk

Reason -

If the central vacuum system is down, plant loses vacuum altogether.

Possible solutions -

- Design features can be considered to minimize impact. For example:
 - Redundancy including spare pump(s)
 - Manual pump start capability without any controls or VSD



Cons...



(-) Initial Investment or CAPEX

Reason -

Must consider capital costs. For example:

- **Piping**
- Buffer tanks
- Dedicated machine rooms
- Controls
- Pumps etc.

Possible solutions -

- Conduct a preliminary study to determine budget feasibility.
- Existing pumps can be utilized to reduce costs.



Cons...



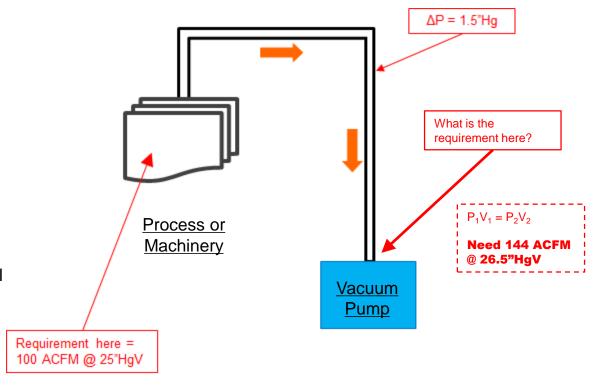
(-) Wrong Advice!

Reason -

Sizing and Designing central vacuum systems requires knowledge and expertise.

Possible solutions -

Look for suppliers with an installed base of successfully running central vacuum systems.







(-) Performance Accountability Risk

Reason -

- Most OEM (machine supplier) supply the vacuum pumps only, not a central vacuum system. And they assume full responsibility for performance and productivity.
- But piping, tanks, controls and additional equipment often supplied by others.
- Who is responsible for overall performance?

Possible solutions -

- Successful installations require very close cooperation between vacuum system supplier and local OEM.
- OEM machine design and central vacuum system design needs to be synchronized for optimal performance.





(-) Layout Flexibility Risk

Reason -

Existing central system piping may limit future OEM machine relocations.

Possible solution -

Initial piping layout can consider future expansions with available connection points.



Should I Centralize?



Ask yourself.....

- Can I benefit from Energy Savings or Rebates?
- Could I use more Floor Space in my production area by removing Point-of-Use (POU) pumps?
- Do I need Faster Pumpdown to my operating vacuum level using my existing pump?
- Is a Continuously Running vacuum system beneficial for me?
- Does my plant have processes with Different Vacuum Level requirements?
- Do my operators complain about high Noise levels?

In Summary

VJ Gupta



Let the Pros Outweigh the Cons!!

- Every Customer's plant requirements are unique. Usually, there are different processes in one plant with different vacuum requirement levels.
- Only centralize machines that make economical sense!
- There is no "One Size Fits All" solution! An Optimal Centralized System is custom tailored to meet customer needs.
- Conduct a complete study to determine customer requirements. Busch can help with this!
- Consider all available options, i.e. various pump technologies, control schemes, buffer tanks, pipe header sizing, VSD etc.
- Central systems can be a great solution but needs to be done right....
- You need to work with an expert who can help with the detailed analysis and offers custom tailored solutions with minimal risks.

Busch LLC

How to Assess Central Vacuum Systems?

Contact Us



Thank you!

For more information about Busch Vacuum Pumps and Systems, please visit: www.buschusa.com



VJ Gupta

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About the Speaker



Walter See Atlas Copco

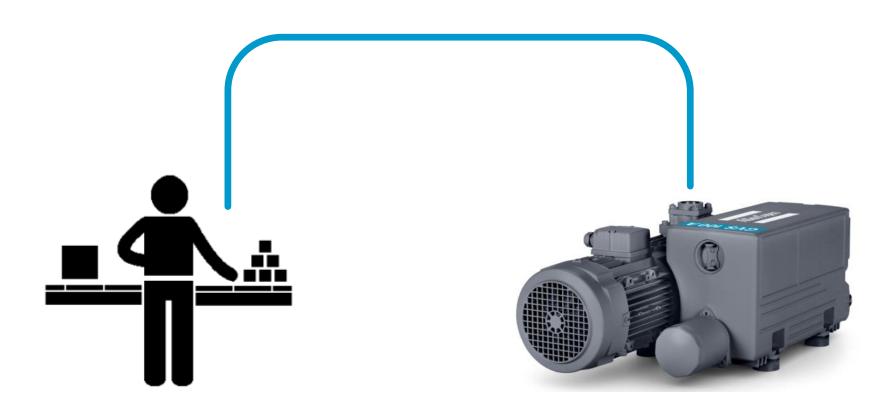
 Product Marketing Manager for the Industrial Vacuum Division of Atlas Copco Compressors



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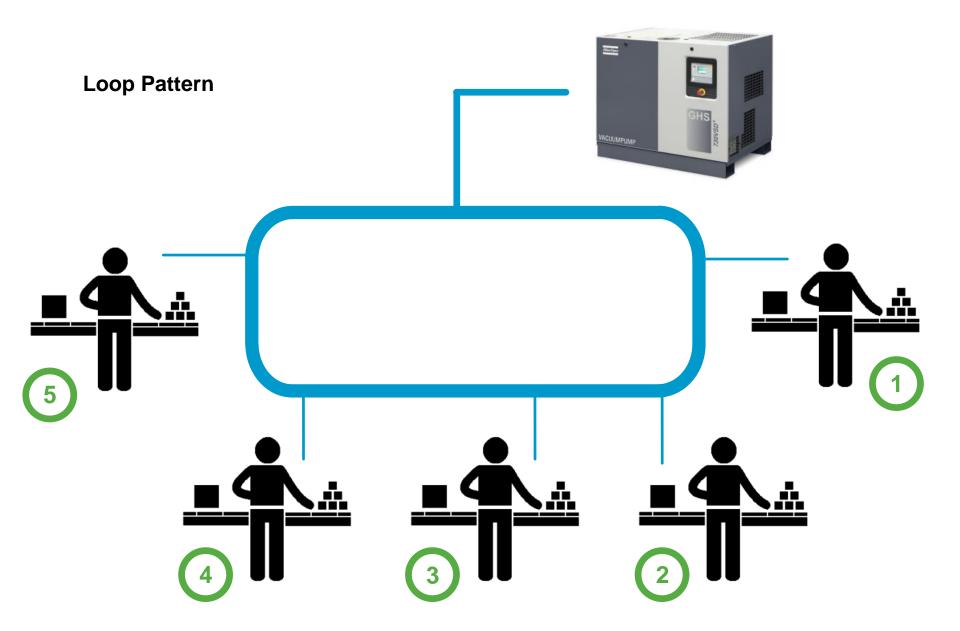
POINT OF USE VACUUM

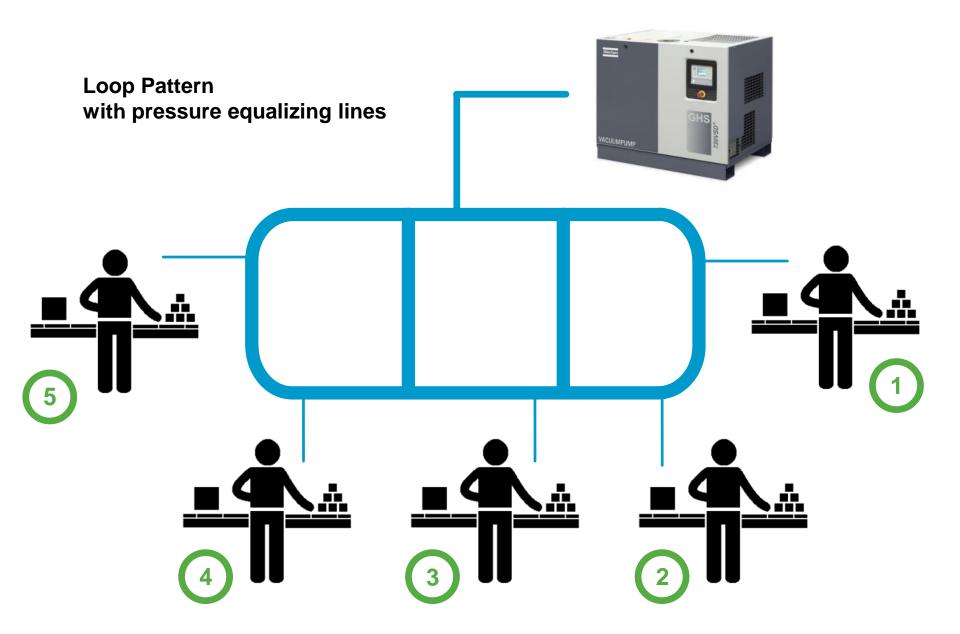


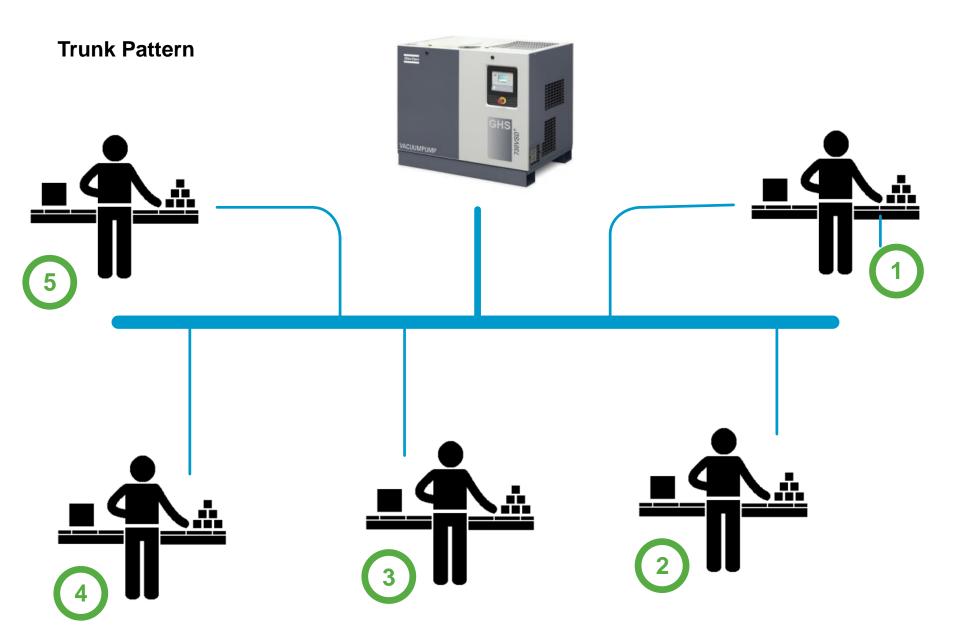
CENTRALIZED VACUUM

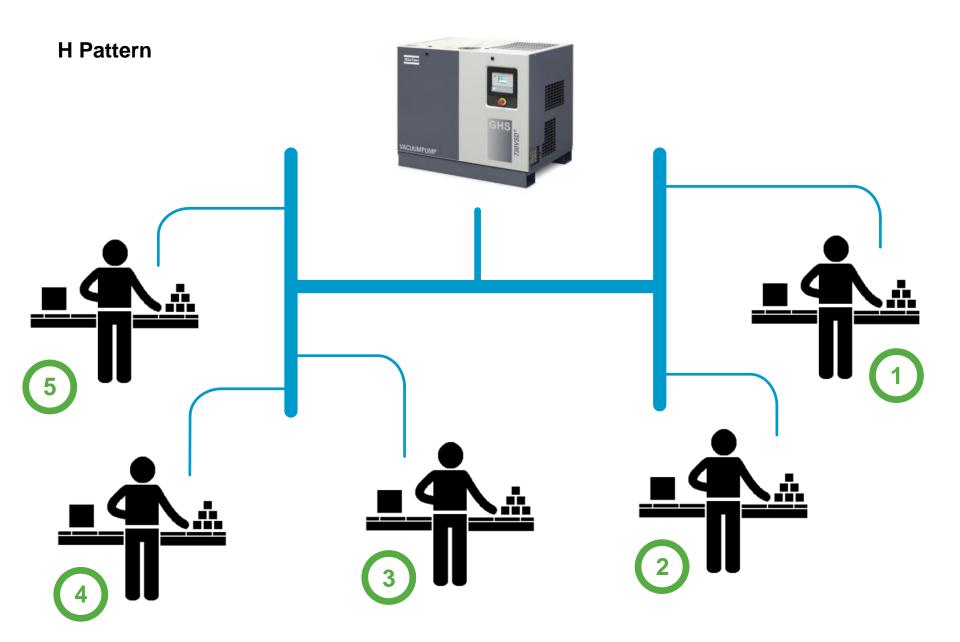


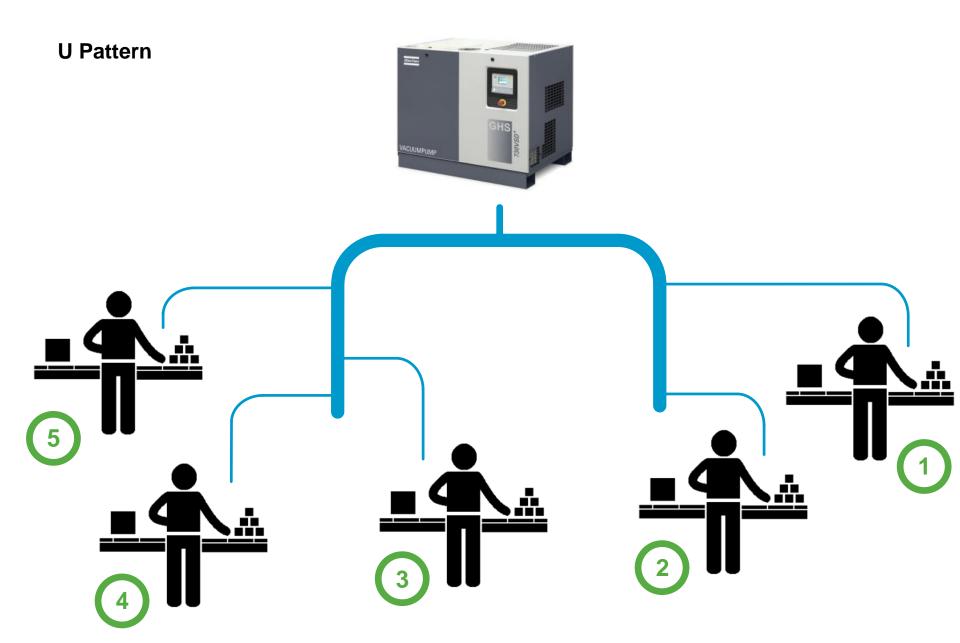
Will pressures be equal? VACUUMPUMP

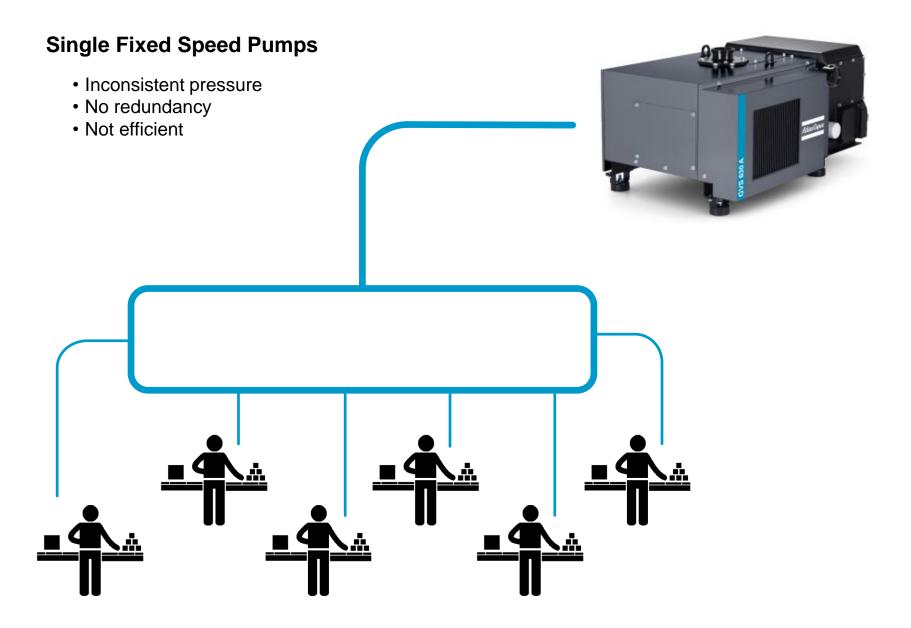


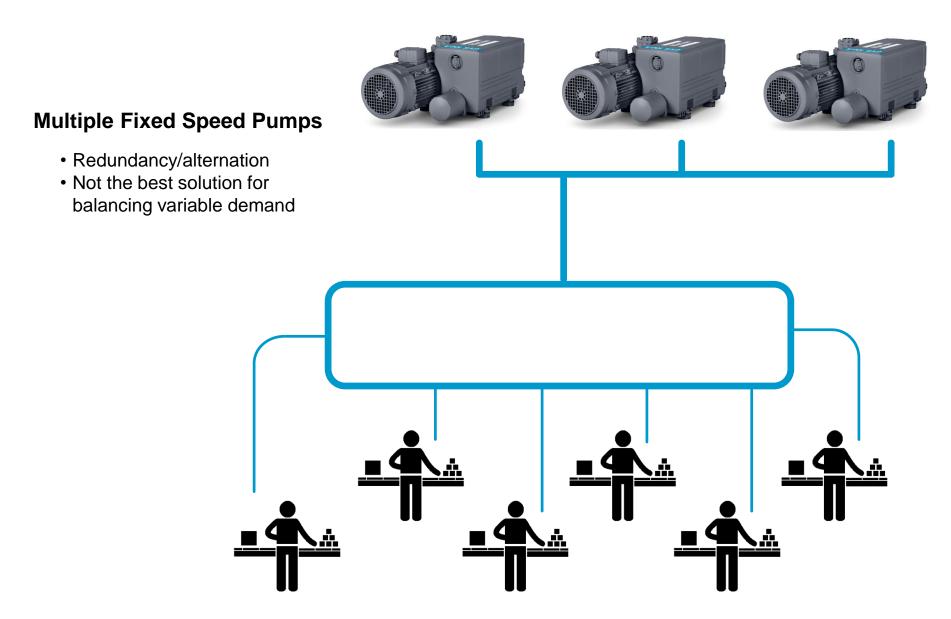






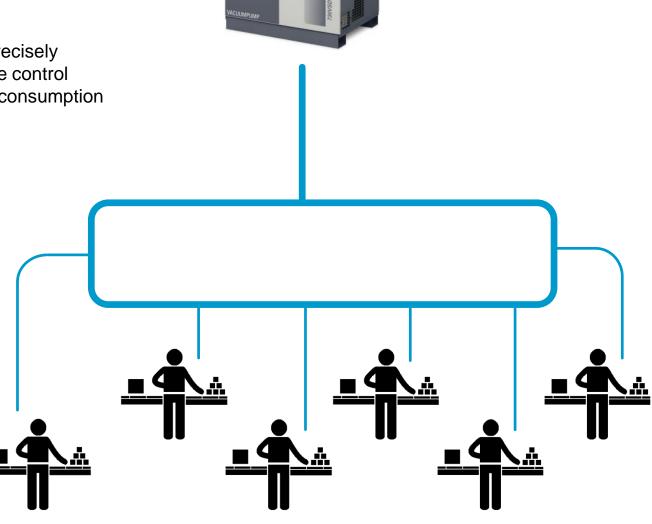






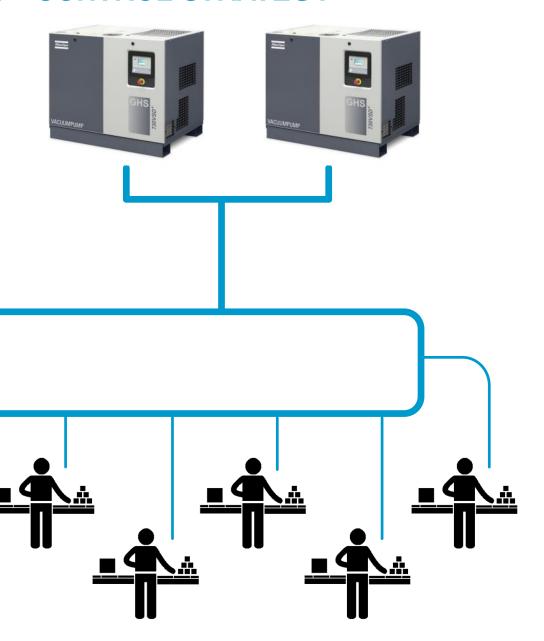
Single VSD Pump

- Match demand precisely
- Accurate pressure control
- Reduced energy consumption



Multiple VSD Pumps

- Redundancy/alternation
- Match demand precisely
- Accurate pressure control
- Reduced energy consumption



Thank you!

Walter See

Product Marketing Manager Industrial Vacuum Division

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Pros & Cons of Centralized Vacuum Systems

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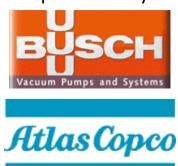


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